CASA of Terrebonne, Inc.



Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022



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Financial Statements
As of and for the year ended June 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Statement	Page
Independent Auditors' Report		2
Financial Section		
Financial Statements:		
Statement of Financial Position	Α	5
Statement of Activities	В	6
Statement of Functional Expenses	С	7
Statement of Cash Flows	D	8
Notes to the Financial Statements		9
Supplementary Information	Schedule	
Schedule of CASA Assistance Program Grant Income and Expenditures	1	17
Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments To Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer	2	18
Other Information		
Schedule of Prior Year Findings		19
Schedule of Current Year Audit Findings And Management's Response		20
Special Reports of Certified Public Accountants		
Report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliand and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with <i>Governmental Auditing Standards</i>	ce	21



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors CASA of Terrebonne, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of CASA of Terrebonne, Inc. (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2022, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of CASA of Terrebonne, Inc. as of June 30, 2022, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of CASA of Terrebonne, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibility of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about CASA of Terrebonne, Inc's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of CASA of Terrebonne's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about CASA of Terrebonne's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Report on Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The schedule of CASA Assistance Program grant revenues and expenses and the schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to agency

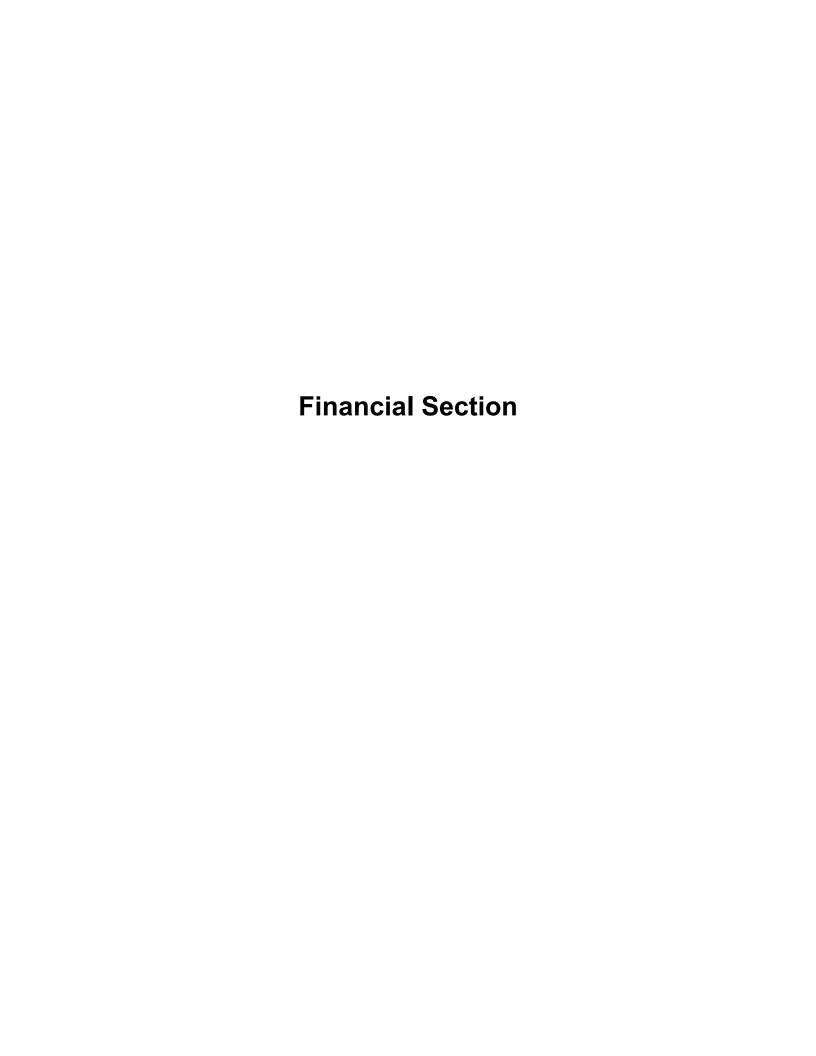
head are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 31, 2022, on our consideration of the CASA of Terrebonne's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide and opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the CASA of Terrebonne's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Thibodaux, Louisiana

October 31, 2022



Statement of Financial Position June 30, 2022

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ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS:	\$	393 500
Cash and cash equivalents	Φ	383,590
Grants receivable - CASA-AP		23,850
Prepaid expenses		2,265
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		409,704
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT:		
Furniture, equipment & improvements		60,150
Accumulated depreciation		(24,057)
TOTAL PROPERTY & EQUIPMENT		36,093
OTHER ASSETS:		
Investments, at fair value		231,683
Deposits		1,000
TOTAL OTHER ASSETS		232,683
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	678,480
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$	760
Accrued payroll and payroll liabilities	·	3,387
Compensated absences payable		13,562
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		17,709
. 6 7 12 66 11 (2.11 2.11 12 6		,
LONG TERM LIABILITIES:		
Capital lease obligation		759
TOTAL LONG TERM LIABILITIES		759
NET ACCETO		
NET ASSETS:		
With donor restrictions:		-
Without donor restrictions		660,011
TOTAL NET ASSETS		660,011
TOTAL LIABILITIES & NET ASSETS	\$	678,480

CASA OF TERREBONNE, INC. Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES, GAINS AND OTHER SUPPORT:	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Totals
Fundraising	\$ 2,525		\$ 2,525
Donations	125,369		125,369
Investment income	194		194
Other income	5,485		5,485
Grant income, private sources	20,580		20,580
Grant income, government sources	308,348		308,348
Satisfaction of restrictions	11,009	(11,009)	
Total revenue and other support	473,510	(11,009)	462,501
EXPENSES:			
Program services:			
Court appointed special advocate	410,643		410,643
Cuppert convices:			
Support services: General and administrative	15,745		15,745
Fund-raising expense	950		950
i uliu-laisilig expelise			
Total support services	16,695		16,695
Total expenses	427,338		427,338
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS	46,172	(11,009)	35,163
NET ASSETS, beginning of year	613,839	11,009	624,848
NET ASSETS, end of year	\$ 660,011	\$ -	\$ 660,011

CASA OF TERREBONNE, INC. Statement of Functional Expenses For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	F	Program						
		Services	Supporting Services					
		Court						
	Α	ppointed						
		Special						
	Ad۱	ocates for	Man	agement		Fund-		Total
	(Children	and	General	r	aising		Expenses
Compensation & related expenses:								
Salaries	\$	221,264	\$	4,516			\$	225,780
Employee benefits	Ψ	,	Ψ	1,010			Ψ	220,. 00
Payroll taxes		17,390		355				17,745
Medical insurance		32,116		655				32,772
Retirement contribution		4,055		83				4,138
Workers comp. insurance		6,088		124				6,212
		280,915		5,733				286,647
		, -		,				, -
Advertising		8,624						8,624
CASA Children expenses		14,443						14,443
Computer support & subscriptions		6,951		772				7,723
Depreciation expense		5,465		607				6,072
Dues & memberships		540		60				600
Fundraising expense					\$	950		950
Insurance		15,043		1,671				16,715
Interest expense		184		20				204
Office expense		4,845		538				5,383
Other expenses		1,407		156				1,564
Printing & copying		1,031		115				1,145
Professional fees		11,197		1,244				12,441
Rent & utilities		24,283		2,698				26,981
Scholarship awards		2,500						2,500
Staff & volunteer recognition		8,082		898				8,980
Supplies		5,352		595				5,947
Telephone		5,729		637				6,365
Training		5,561						5,561
Travel		8,492						8,492
Totals	\$	410,643	\$	15,745	\$	950	\$	427,338

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Increase in net assets Adjustments to reconcile net assets to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 35,163
Depreciation	6,072
(Increase) decrease in operating assets: Grants receivable	33,952
Other receivables	5,119
Prepaid expenses	206
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities: Accounts payable	(612)
Payroll and payroll liabilities	(2,354)
Compensated absences payable	 4,037
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	81,585
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Purchase of capital assets	(4,087)
Loss on disposition of assets	(385)
Redemption of certificate of deposit	78,171
Purchase of investments	(52,484)
Net of earnings on investment less unrealized loss	 5,401
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	26,616
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Payments made on capital lease obligation	 (1,375)
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	(1,375)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	 106,827
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	276,763
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	\$ 383,590

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE I SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies followed are described to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements to the reader.

A. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

CASA of Terrebonne, Inc. (the Organization) is a nonprofit corporation organized under the laws of Louisiana on July 10, 2000. The corporation was formed for the purpose of recruiting, training and supporting volunteer court appointed advocates to speak for the best interests of abused and neglected children in court. The Organization is a member of the National Court Appointed Special Advocate Association. Their mission is to be an independent and objective presence in the courts and to advocate for the best interests of abused, neglected, or dependent children involved in child-in-need care cases. The Organization promotes and supports trained community volunteers to represent children and help secure for each child a nurturing, safe, and permanent home. CASA of Terrebonne, Inc. serves the children of Terrebonne parish. A Board of Directors manages the operation of the Organization, and those Directors receive no compensation for their services. The Organization is primarily funded through grants from various organizations and agencies as well as contributions from private foundations, corporations, and individuals.

B. FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The financial statements of the CASA of Terrebonne, Inc. have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Net assets and revenues, expenses, gains and losses are classified based on the existence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets of the Organization and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net assets without donor restrictions – Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and may be expended for any purpose in performing the primary objectives of the Organization. These assets may be used at the discretion of the Organization's management and board of directors.

Net assets with donor restrictions – Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that will be met, either (1) by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purpose (purpose restricted), and/or passage of time or other events (time restricted), or (2) will never expire (perpetual in nature). When a restriction expires, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

C. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Organization considers all unrestricted highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

equivalents. There were no restricted cash equivalents at year-end.

D. RECEIVABLES

Receivables are stated at unpaid balances. CASA of Terrebonne considers grants receivable to be fully collectible since the balance consists principally of payments due under government contracts. Therefore, an allowance for doubtful accounts has not been recorded. If amounts due became uncollectible, they will be charged to operations when that determination is made.

E. INVESTMENTS

Investments consist of certificates of deposit, mutual funds, and exchange-traded funds which do not meet CASA's definition of cash equivalents. The investments are carried at their fair values in the statement of financial position. The Organization's investment income and unrealized gains and losses are included in the changes in net assets in the accompanying statement of activities.

F. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment purchased with an original cost of \$1,000 or more are reported at historical cost. Donations of property and equipment are recorded as support at their estimated fair value as of the date received. Such donations are reported as unrestricted support unless the donor has restricted the donated asset to a specific purpose. Assets donated with explicit restrictions regarding their use and contributions of cash that must be used to acquire property and equipment are reported as restricted support. Absent donor stipulations regarding how long those donated assets must be maintained, the organization reports expirations of donor restrictions when the donated or acquired assets are placed in service as instructed by the donor. CASA of Terrebonne reclassifies net assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions at that time.

Property and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Equipment & furniture 5-7 years Leasehold improvements 5-15 years

G. CONTRIBUTED FACILITIES AND SERVICES

Donated services are recognized as contributions in accordance with SFAS No. 116, "Accounting for Contributions Received and Contributions Made", if the services (a) create or enhance nonfinancial assets or (b) required specialized skills, are performed by people with those skills, and would otherwise be purchased by the Organization. Many individuals volunteer their time and perform a variety of tasks that assist the Organization with the advocacy program throughout the year that are not recognized as contributions in the financial statements since the recognition criteria under SFAS No. 116 were not met.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

H. REVENUE AND EXPENSE RECOGNITION

Contributions are recognized when the donor makes a commitment to give and are considered to be available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor. Contributions that are restricted by the donor are reported as an increase in net assets without donor restrictions if the restriction expires in the fiscal year in which the contributions are recognized. All other donor-restricted contributions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions. When a restriction expires (that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or a purpose restriction is accomplished), donor restricted net assets are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the Statement of Activities as net assets released from restrictions. Restrictions on gifts of fixed assets or cash for the purchase of fixed assets expire when the asset is placed in service. Expenses are recognized in the period incurred in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting.

I. FEDERAL FINANCIAL AWARDS

Revenues for direct and indirect federal grants and contracts are recorded based on expenses incurred for contracts that are on a cost reimbursement basis. In the statement of activities, these revenues are presented in Grant Income. Related contract receivables are referred to as Grant Receivables in the statement of financial position.

J. ADVERTISING

The Organization uses advertising to promote its programs among the audiences it serves. Advertising costs are expensed when incurred. Advertising expense was \$8,624 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

K. INCOME TAX STATUS

CASA of Terrebonne, Inc. is exempt from federal income tax under Section 501(C)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. In addition, the organization qualifies for the charitable contribution deduction under section 170(b)(1)(A) and has been classified as an organization that is not a private foundation under Section 509(a)(2). Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is made in the financial statements.

CASA of Terrebonne, Inc. is required to file federal form 990 for informational purposes and federal income tax returns for tax years 2018 and beyond remain subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service.

L. USE OF ESTIMATES

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly,

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

M. FUNCTIONAL ALLOCATION OF EXPENSES

Expenses are summarized and categorized based on their function classification as either program or supporting services. Specific expenses that are readily identifiable to a single program or activity are charged directly to that function. Certain categories of expenses are attributable to more than one program or supporting function. Therefore, these expenses require allocation based on time, space, or other resources used for those functions.

N. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Eligible employees will be granted paid vacation on the employee's anniversary date of each calendar year according to the following schedule.

Six months to one year 5 days (40 hours)

One year to three years 10 days Four to five years 15 days Six years 18 days

More than six years for each additional year in excess of six years of service,

and employee will receive one additional day per year added to the standard 18 days per year, not to exceed

20 days annual vacation.

An employee becomes eligible to receive vacation benefits when they have successfully completed the six months of continuous employment.

Unused vacation leave may be carried over up to 120 hours. Upon separation, employees will be compensated for any unused vacation leave, paid at the current salary, which is not to exceed 240 hours.

Eligible employees will be granted 40 hours per year sick leave after three months of employment. 40 hours of sick leave will be granted each year on the employee's anniversary date. Sick leave is not accrued nor paid upon separation.

O. MANAGEMENT OF LIQUID RESOURCES

CASA of Terrebonne is primarily funded by contributions that may contain restrictions. Those restrictions required that resources be used in a certain manner or in a future period. Therefore, CASA of Terrebonne must maintain adequate resources to meet those responsibilities to its donors and certain financial assets may not be available for general expenditure within one year. As part of its liquidity management, CASA has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations become due. CASA also invests its cash in investments held by Edward Jones and Morgan Stanley Investment Companies. The Board of Directors may occasionally designate amounts to its liquidity reserve that could be utilized in the event of an

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

unanticipated liquidity need.

P. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The subsequent events of the organization were evaluated through the date of the financial statements were available to be issued (October 31, 2022).

Q. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842) intended to improve financial reporting regarding leasing transactions. The new standard affects all companies and organizations that lease assets and liabilities for the rights and obligations created by those leases if the lease terms are more than 12 months. The guidance also will require qualitative quantitative disclosures providing additional information about the amounts recorded in the financial statements. The amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The Organization is evaluating the potential impact of the amendment on the Organization's financial statements.

NOTE 2 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The fair value of a financial instrument is the current amount that would be exchanged between willing parties, other than in a forced liquidation. Fair value is best determined based upon quoted market prices. However, in many instances, there are no quoted market prices for the Organization's various financial instruments. In cases where quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on estimates using present value or other valuation techniques. Those techniques are significantly affected by the assumptions used, including discount rate and estimates of future cash flows. Accordingly, the fair value estimates may not be realized in an immediate settlement of the instrument.

The Organization utilizes fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain financial assets and financial liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures. The Organization has not disclosed any other financial assets or non-financial assets and liabilities recorded at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis.

The Organization uses a three-tier fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows:

- Level 1 Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets.
- Level 2 Inputs; other than the quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

The fair value of assets measured on a reoccurring basis at June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Fair Value Measurement Using			
	Cost	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets/Liabilities (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Exchange-traded funds	\$ 4,144	\$ 3,718	\$ -	\$ -
Mutual Funds	48,222	44,349	-	-
Certificates of deposit	185,000	183,616	-	_
Total Investments	\$237,367	\$ 231,683	\$ -	\$ -

The change in net unrealized holding gains and losses on equity security in the amounts of \$5,684 has been included in the change in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2022. All of the unrealized gains and losses recognized during the year are for securities still held at year end.

At June 30, 2022, several publicly traded limited partnerships, publicly traded corporations and exchange-traded products with unrealized losses have depreciated in value from prior years. These unrealized losses related principally to current global market conditions. Management evaluates issuers published reports, recent downgrades by bond rating agencies, and current market trends in analyzing the issuer's financial conditions.

NOTE 3 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and Equipment at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Office equipment & furniture	\$22,489
Leasehold improvements	37,661
Accumulated depreciation	(24,057)
Property and equipment, net	<u>\$36,093</u>

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$6,072.

NOTE 4 OPERATING LEASES

CASA of Terrebonne entered into a commercial lease for its office space on August 2, 2018. The terms are for ten years beginning August 1, 2018 and ending July 31, 2028 (primary term). This lease secured office space for the administrative office. Rent is \$2,000 monthly, payable on the first of the month. CASA of Terrebonne is responsible for utilities and certain building maintenance expense.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The lessor has granted CASA of Terrebonne the exclusive option to purchase the property at any point within the primary term for the outstanding balance due on the mortgage loan at the time of said purchase.

The future minimum commitment for the next five years of this agreement follows:

	Total
Year Ended July 30,	Commitment
2023	\$24,000
2024	\$24,000
2025	\$24,000
2026	\$24,000
2027	\$24,000
Total minimum payments	\$120,000

Rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2022, was \$24,000.

NOTE 5 CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

On December 3, 2018, CASA entered into a lease agreement with Canon Solutions of America for a Cannon Copier. The agreement is for 48 months, ending December 13, 2022. Monthly payments are \$131.56. At the time of the original agreement, the copier was valued at \$4,864 and has been recorded as a capital asset on the statement of financial position. \$973 of depreciation has been recorded and is included in the total depreciation expense reported on the statement of activities. At June 30, 2022, the minimum commitment for the remainder of this agreement is \$789.

NOTE 6 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Organization to concentrations of credit risk include temporary cash investments. The Organization maintains its cash and invested funds in several financial institutions. Accounts at these institutions are guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000. At June 30, 2022, the Organization did not exceed the insured limits.

NOTE 7 CONCENTRATION OF RISK

CASA's primary sources of support are from grants awarded by the state. Management is always seeking funding for the upcoming years through renewals of current grants as well as by applying for new grants; however, in the event the Organization is unable to secure additional funding, the financial position of the Organization could be significantly impacted. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Organization's support from state grants totaled 67% of total revenue.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 8 BOARD COMPENSATION

The Board of Directors is a voluntary board; therefore, no compensation was paid to any board member for the year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTE 9 RETIREMENT PLAN

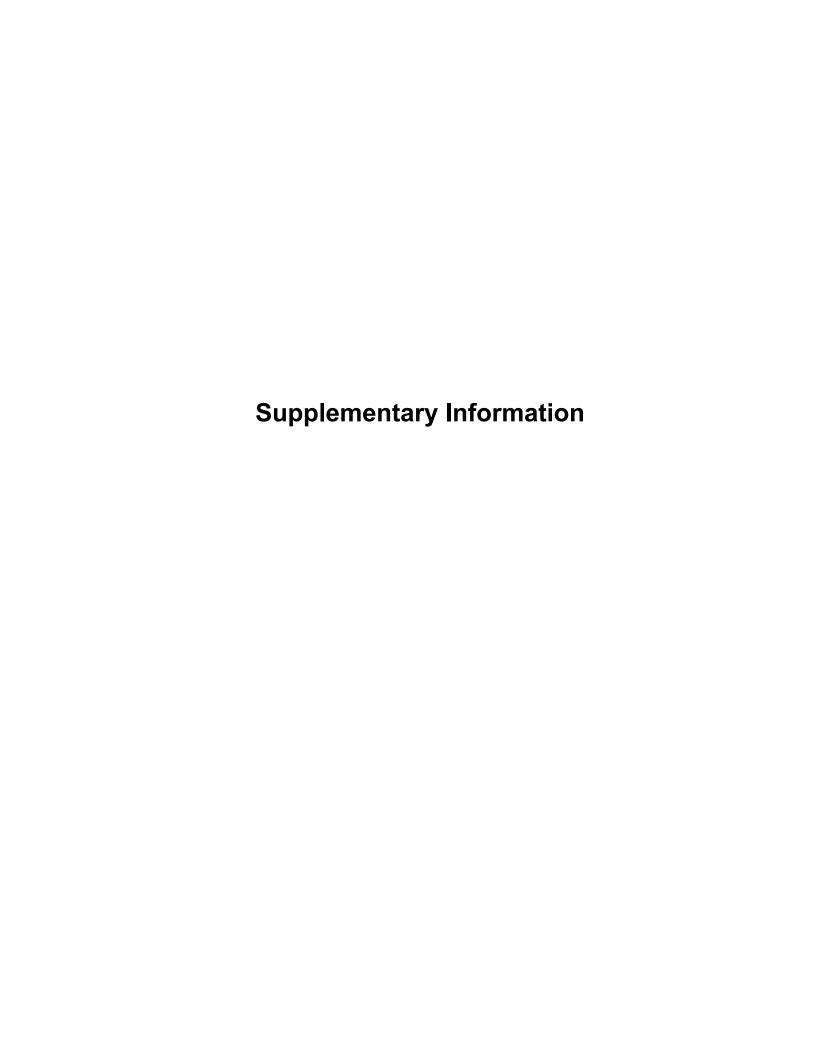
Eligible employees can participate in a SIMPLE IRA which is a defined contribution salary deferral plan. Under the plan, CASA matches the employee's contribution up to three percent of each eligible employee's salary. All contributions are 100% vested to the employee. Plan expenses incurred by CASA for the current year ended totaled \$4,138.

NOTE 10 LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

CASA of Terrebonne maintains operating revenue for general expenditures. At June 30, 2022, current financial assets totaled \$409,704. These assets are available for general expenditures. CASA of Terrebonne has a goal to maintain financial assets, which consists of cash and receivables, on hand to meet 60 days of normal operating expenses, which are on average, \$72,000. It is the Organization's policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations become due.

NOTE 11 LITIGATION AND CLAIMS

CASA of Terrebonne, Inc. is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries; and natural disasters. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased to cover real and personal property, general liability, automobile, and criminal liability. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage during the current fiscal year.



Schedule of CASA Assistance Program Grant Revenue and Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES: CASA Assistance Program	\$ 308,348
EXPENSES:	
Training	2,251
Operating expense	46,384
Printing	876
Professional fees	575
Salaries	130,723
Fringe benefits	34,505
Supplies	3,219
Travel	6,889
Administrative	82,926
Total expenditures	308,348
Total oxportation of	 300,010
	\$ -

Notes:

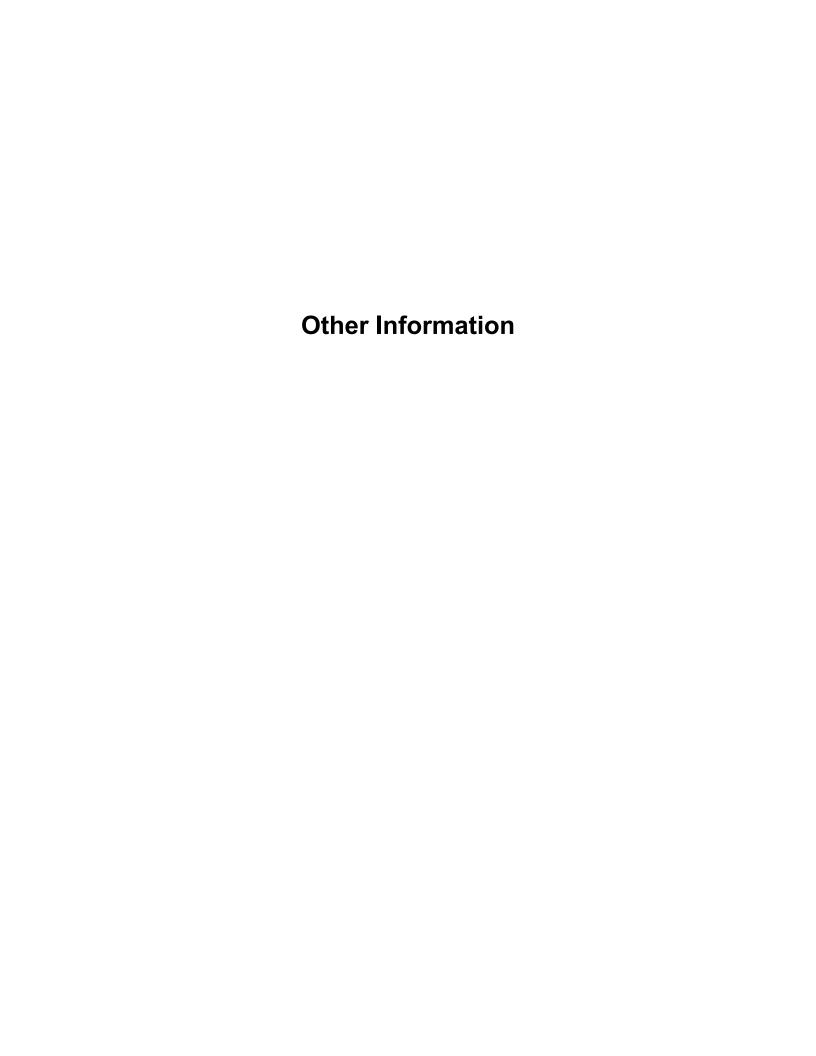
This schedule is prepared using the cash method of accounting.

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Agency Head Name:

Christine Aucoin, Executive Director

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$47,310
Benefits-insurance	10,811
Benefits-retirement	702
Benefits-other	0
Car allowance	0
Vehicle provided by government	0
Per diem	0
Reimbursements	0
Travel / mileage	0
Registration fees	0
Conference travel	0
Housing	0
Unvouchered expenses*	0
Special meals	0



Schedule of Prior Year Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I – Internal Control and Compliance material to the financial statements:

Ref. No. 2021-01 – Inadequate Segregation of Duties

Description of Finding

A material weakness exists in internal controls due to the size of the CASA of Terrebonne's operation. Its limited staff precludes an adequate segregation of duties and other features of an adequate system of internal control, although to employ such controls may not be cost beneficial.

Corrective Action Taken

No corrective action was taken.

Section II – Management Letter

No management letter was issued.

Schedule of Current Year Audit Findings and Managements Response For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I – Internal Control and Compliance material to the financial statements:

2022-01 - Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2010

CONDITION: CASA of Terrebonne, Inc. did not have adequate segregation of duties within the accounting function.

CRITERIA: AU-C §315.04, Understanding the Entity and its Environment and Assessing the Risks of Material Misstatement, defines internal control as "a process, affected by those charged with governance, management, and other personnel, designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness, and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations."

CAUSE: The cause of the condition is the fact that CASA of Terrebonne, Inc. does not have a sufficient number of staff performing administrative and financial duties as to provide adequate segregation of accounting and financial duties.

EFFECT: Failure to adequately segregate accounting and financial functions increases the risk that errors and/or irregularities including fraud and/or defalcations may occur and not be prevented and/or detected.

RECCOMMENDATION: Management should evaluate the cost vs. benefit of complete segregation whenever possible, reassign incompatible duties among different employees to ensure that a single employee does not have control of more than one of the following responsibilities: (1) authorization, (2) custody, (3) recordkeeping, and (4) reconciliation.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: The board concurs with the finding. Due to the size of staffing, the achievement of adequate segregation of duties is desirable, but is not cost effective. Management will attempt to use current staff and board members to segregate accounting functions as much as possible.

Section II – Management Letter

There was no management letter issued.

Special Reports of Certified Public Accountants



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board CASA of Terrebonne, Inc. Houma, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of CASA of Terrebonne, Inc. (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2022, and the related statements of activities, cash flows, and functional expenses for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the CASA of Terrebonne's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of CASA of Terrebonne's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the CASA of Terrebonne's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We

did identify a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of current year audit findings and managements response that we consider to be a material weakness as item 2022-01.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the CASA of Terrebonne's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

CASA of Terrebonne's Response to Findings

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Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on CASA of Terrebonne's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of current year audit findings and managements response. CASA of Terrebonne's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Although the intended use of this report may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Thibodaux, Louisiana

October 31, 2022